EXAM NIGHT

IN ENGLISH



3

إعدادي

الامتحان في جيبك

ليلة الامتحان

IMPORTANT VOC

3D printer	طابعة ثلاثية الأبعاد	flying cars	سيارات طائرة	qualification	مؤهل
absorb	يمتص	forest fires	حرائق الغابات	radio presenter	مقدم برامج راديو
accountant	محاسب	fossil fuels	وقود حفري	receiver	جهاز استقبال
air conditioning	تكييف الهواء	fur	فراء	rechargeable	قابل لإعادة الشحن
air pollution	تلوث الهواء	global warming	الاحتباس الحراري	region	منطقة
ambitions	طموحات	goals	أهداف	remote	بعيد
appearance	مظهر	governor	حاكم	renewable	متجددة
assistant	مساعد	grain	حبوب	researcher	باحث
asteroid	كويكب	grassland	أرض عشبية	retire	يتقاعد
astronaut	رائد فضاء	gravity	جاذبية	reusable	قابل للإعادة الاستخدام
astronomer	عالم فلك	greenhouse gases	غازات الاحتباس الحراري	robotics engineer	مهندس روبوتات
attractive	جذاب	heritage	تراث	satellite	قمر صناعي
avoid	يتجنب	improve	تحسين	save	يوفر / يحفظ
braces	تقويم الأسنان	in vain	بلا جدوى	seedling	شتلة / نبتة
broadcasting	البث	initiative	مبادرة	sensor	مستشعر
burst	ينفجر / انفجار	ink	حبر	set up	يُعد / يُنشئ
camera operator	مشغل الكاميرا	internship	فترة تدريب	signal	إشارة
carriage	عربة تجرها الخيول	interrupt	يقاطع	skills	مهارات
cartridge	خرطوشة	journalist	صحفي	slow down	يبطئ
cashless	غير نقدي	label	ملصق - تسمية	solar energy	طاقة شمسية
climate change	تغير المناخ	landfill sites	مواقع التخلص من النفايات	solar panels	ألواح شمسية
coastal	ساحلي	landscape	منظر طبيعي	solar system	النظام الشمسي
community	مجتمع	laws	قوانين	solution	حل
create	ينشئ / يخلق	length	الطول	space station	محطة فضائية
cross	غاضب / يعبر	lenses	عدسات	species	أنواع
cycle lane	ممر للدراجات	light bulb	مصباح كهربائي	stable	اسطبل للخيول / ثابت
deforestation	إزالة الغابات	linguist	عالم لغة	stuck	عالق
depression	منخفض	loom	نول	surface	سطح
desert habitat	موطن صحراوي	marathon	سباق الماراثون	surrounded by	محاط بـ
desertification	تصحر	methane	غاز الميثان	social media	وسائل تواصل اجتماعي
destroy	يدمر	mongoose	نمس	sustainable	مستدام
device	جهاز	monorail	قطار أحادي السكة	taste	طعم
distance	مسافة	natural wonders	عجائب طبيعية	telescope	تلسكوب
district	حي	newsreader	قارئ الأخبار	temperature	درجة الحرارة
driverless cars	سيارات بدون قائد	oasis / oases	واحة / واحات	threads	خيوط
drone	طائرة بدون طيار	online course	دورة عبر الإنترنت	timeline	جدول زمني
drought	جفاف	orbit	مدار / يدور في مدار	tongue-twister	كلمة صعبة النطق
endangered	مهدد بالانقراض	organisations	منظمة	toothbrush	فرشاة الأسنان
environmental	بيئي	owner	مالك / صاحب	traditional	تقليدي
e-sports player	لاعب الرياضات الإلكترونية	personification	تجسيد	volunteer	متطوع
expert	خبير	planetarium	قبة فلكية	warmer seas	بحار أكثر دفئًا
explore	يستكشف	pollute	يلوث	weavers	نساجون
fabric	قماش	presenter	مقدم برامج	weaving	نسيج
farmland	أراضي زراعية	preserved	محفوظ	web designer	مصمم ويب
fellow toiler	زميل كادح	product	منتج	wetland	أرض رطبة
fill	يملأ	professional	محترف	wildlife	حياة برية
find out	يكتشف	promise	وعد / يَعِد	wireless	لاسلكي
floating farms	مزارع عائمة	protect	يحمي	witness	شاهد
flood	فيضان	provide	يوفر / يزود	wonders	عجائب

Prefixes

un	غير (تنفى الصفة)	unpopular غير شعبي ; uncommon غير شائع ; unable غير قادر
inter	تستخدم مع الأفعال والأسماء والصفات والأحوال	international دولي ; interaction تفاعل
in	تحول بعض الكلمات للعكس	inexpensive رخيص ; inability عدم القدرة
dis	لا (تعطى عكس المعنى) تحول الفعل لفعل آخر	disappear يختفي ; disagree لا يوافق / يختلف
non	تنفى الكلمة	non-renewable غير متجدد
mis	تنفى الفعل	mistreat يسئ معاملة ; misunderstand يسئ فهم
re	يعيد الفعل مرة أخرى	reusable مُعاد استخدامه ; recycle يعيد تدوير ; rewrite يُعيد كتابة ; rechargeable قابل لإعادة الشحن ; reread يُعيد قراءة
a	تحول الفعل لصفة	alive على قيد الحياة
im	تحول الصفة الى العكس	improbable غير محتمل ; impossible مستحيل
ab	تعطى عكس المعنى	abnormal غير عادى / غير طبيعي

Suffixes

-ic	تحول الكلمة الى صفة	heroic بطولي ; electric كهربائى
-less	تحول الكلمة الى صفة سلبية	cashless غير نقدي ; driverless بدون سائق
-al	تحول الفعل لاسم	coastal ساحلي ; traditional تقليدي ; environmental بيئي
-ous	تحول الاسم لصفة	dangerous خطير
-ed/-d	تحول الفعل لصفة	preserved محفوظ ; confused مرتبك ; endangered معرض للخطر
-er -or	تحول الكلمة لاسم	weaver نساج ; owner مالك ; builder عامل بناء ; actor ممثل ; governor محافظ
- ance	تحول الفعل لاسم	appearance مظهر
-able	تحول الفعل لصفة	sustainable مستدام ; suitable مناسب ; renewable متجدد
-ful	تحول الفعل لصفة	helpful متعاون ; colourful ملون ; careful حريص ; joyful مسرور ; lawful قانوني
-ion -ian	تحول الكلمة لاسم	collection مجموعة ; depression منخفض ; creation إبداع ; guardian وصي - حارس
-ling	تعنى صغير	seedling نبتة / شتلة
-ing	تكوين اسم الفاعل من الاسم	warning تحذير ; recycling إعادة التدوير ; conditioning تكييف
-ive	تحول الفعل لصفة	administrative إداري
-less	بدون (تحول الكلمة لصفة)	useless عديم الفائدة ; wireless لاسلكي
-ly	تحول الصفة لظرف	totally تماما ; successfully بنجاح ; personally شخصيا
-age	تحول الفعل لاسم	package - عبوة ; carriage عربة تجرها الخيول
-ation -tion	تحول الفعل لاسم	introduction مقدمة ; deforestation إزالة الغابات
-est	تحول الصفة لصفة تفضيل	largest أكبر ; brightest اكثرسطوعا ; earliest مبكر
-y	تحول الفعل لاسم أو صفة	discovery اكتشاف
-ist	تحول الكلمة لاسم	journalist صحفي
-ment	تحول الفعل لاسم	equipment معدات ; achievement إنجاز
-ent	تحول الفعل إلى صفة	different مختلف

Word		Synonym	Antonym	
able	قادر على	capable	unable - incapable	غير قادر
absorb	يمتص - يستوعب	take in	reject	ينبذ / يرفض
active	نشيط	energetic	inactive - lazy	غير نشط
agree	يوافق	accept	disagree - refuse	لا يوافق - يرفض
beautiful	جميل	handsome - attractive	ugly	قبيح
build	يبني	create - make	destroy	يدمر
confused	مرتبك	puzzled	clear headed-calm	صاف - هادئ
connect	يوصل	link - join	disconnect	يفصل
cross	غاضب	angry - annoyed	happy - calm	سعيد / هادئ
damage	يتلف/ يؤذي	harm - pollute	repair - benefit	يصلح - يفيد
decide	يقرر	determine	hesitate	يتردد
destroy	يدمر	spoil - damage	construct - build	يشيد - يبني
different	مختلف	dissimilar	similar	متشابه
dry	جاف / يابس	rainy	wet	رطب / مطير
enormous	ضخم	massive -very big	small - tiny	صغير - ضئيل
familiar	مألوف	usual	strange	غريب
global	عالمي	international	local	محلي
improve	يحسن - يطور	develop	worsen	يزداد سوءا
increase	يزيد	expand	decrease	ينقص
marathon	سباق طويل المسافات	a running race		
move around	يدور حول	orbit		
popular	مشهور	known	unknown - unpopular	غير معروف غير مشهور
preserved	محفوظ	kept safe	damaged	تالف
produce	ينتج	make - create	consume	يستهلك
protect	يحمي	keep safe	destroy - damage	يدمر يتلف
reason	سبب	cause	result	نتيجة
remote	بعيد	very far - distant	near - close	قريب
reusable	معاد استخدامه	recyclable	unusable	مستخدم
set up	ينشئ	start a business		
strong	قوي	powerful	weak	ضعيف
stuck	عالق	unable to move		
sunny	مشمس	bright	dark - cloudy	مظلم - غائم
sustainable	مستدام	renewable	unsustainable	غير مستدام
terrible	فظيع / مريع	very bad	amazing	مدهش / مذهل
traditional	تقليدي	classic - old	modern	حديث
warm	دافئ / حار	quite hot	cool	معتدل البرودة

Definitions

carriage	عربة	something that people travel in, that is pulled by a horse
owner	مالك	the owner of something is the person who has bought it
stable	اسطبل	a place where horses sleep
treat	يعامل	if you treat someone well, you are nice to them
length	طول	how long something is
preserved	محفوظ	kept safe from being damaged

remote	بعيد	very far from somewhere
species	نوع / فصيلة	a group of animals or plants of the same kind
depression	منخفض	the land that is below the area around it
fossil	حفريات	the remains of animals or plants that lived in the past
grassland	ارض عشبية	a large natural area of land which is mostly grass
rainforest	غابة استوائية	these habitats have a lot of trees. They are usually very hot and have a lot of rain
coastal	ساحلي	describing or belonging to land that is next to the sea
polar	قطبي	describing things to do with the North or South Poles
wetland	أرض رطبة	an area of land that is often flooded by water
oasis	واحة	an area in the desert where you can find water
orangutan	انسان الغابة	a large animal with long red hair and long arms, which lives in the trees of Indonesia
deforestation	ازالة الغابات	the cutting down of trees in a large area, or the destruction of forests by people
fur	فرو	the thick hair that covers the body of an animal
mongoose	النمس	a small animal with a long body and tail, which lives in Africa and Asia
absorb	يمتص	take in liquid or gases through a surface
avoid	يتجنب	deliberately stay away from someone or something
landfill site	موقع التخلص من النفايات	a place where rubbish is taken, often to be buried under the ground
renewable energy	طاقة متجددة	natural energy that does not disappear or burn when you use it
climate change	تغير المناخ	how the Earth's weather changes
greenhouse gas	غازالاحتباس الحراري	a gas in the air such as carbon dioxide which can cause global warming
methane	الميثان	a natural gas often produced by animals and dead plants
fossil fuels	وقود حفري	natural material such as petrol and oil that you can burn for energy
fabric	قماش	cloth or material which can be used to make clothes, bags, etc.
loom	آلة النول	a machine used for weaving
printer cartridge	خرطوشة الطابعة	a piece of plastic which contains and supplies ink for a printer
weaving	النسيج	the art of making cloth by crossing threads using a special machine
seagrass	أعشاب البحر	a plant which lives in the sea, usually near the coast
bamboo cup	كوب مصنوع من الخيزران	a cup made from a tall, strong grass
energy-saving light bulb	مصباح كهربائي موفر للطاقة	a glass object that uses less electricity than usual to give light
seedling	شتلة - نبتة صغيرة	a small plant which has started to grow from a seed
sustainable	مستدام - صديق للبيئة	causing little or no damage to the environment
air conditioning	تكييف هواء	a machine that makes the air in a room stay cool or warm
powers	قوى خارقة	special abilities
remote control	جهاز التحكم عن بعد	a machine that you can control from far away
desertification	التصحر	changing an area into desert
initiative	مبادرة	something to improve a difficult situation
interrupt	يقاطع	if you interrupt someone, you speak to stop someone else from speaking
solar farm	مزرعة شمسية	an area with many solar panels that provide electricity
astronaut	رائد فضاء	aperson who travels to space

gravity	جاذبية	the force that causes things to fall to the ground when they are dropped
space station	محطة فضائية	a large satellite going around the Earth where astronauts can live and work to study space
telescope	تلسكوب	equipment that makes things that are far away look nearer
solar system	النظام الشمسي	all the planets and their moons which go around the sun
satellite	قمر صناعي	a machine that goes around the Earth to send or collect information
orbit	يدور في مدار	move around a star or planet
continent	قارة	one of the largest areas of land in the world, such as Africa, Asia, or Europe
GPS	نظام تحديد المواقع العالمي	a system(Global Positioning System) for finding how to find something or to get to a place using satellites
grain	حبوب	a seed or seeds from a plant that you can eat
braces	تقويم اسنان	something that people can wear to make their teeth straight
signal	إشارة	information or an instruction that is sent by sound, light, etc.
toiler	الكادح	someone who is working hard
stuck	عالق	not able to be moved
witness	شاهد	a person who has seen an accident, crime, etc. and can tell the police about it
burst	ينفجر	break open suddenly, or make something do this
camera operator	مشغل الكاميرا	a person whose job is to film things for television, film, etc.
editor	محرر	a person whose job is to choose what should be in a newspaper, magazine, etc. and who checks the information and language
radio presenter	مقدم إذاعة	a person whose job is to introduce programmes on the radio
voice	صوت بشري	the sounds that you make when you speak or sing
governor	محافظ - حاكم	the person who rules a city or area
linguist	عالم لغويات	someone who studies foreign languages or can speak them very well, or someone who teaches or studies linguistics
according to	وفقا لـ	as said by someone or as shown by something
apparently	على ما يبدو	according to what you have heard is true
interview	مقابلة	if you interview someone, you ask them questions about themselves
assistant	مساعد	somebody who helps a person do their job
e-sports player	لاعب الألعاب الإلكترونية	a player of online video games
cycle lane	ممر للدراجات	a special area, often on or near a road, for people to cycle on
robotics engineer	مهندس الروبوتات	a person whose job is to design or work with robots
3D printer	طابعة ثلاثية الأبعاد	a machine that can make copies of whole objects
cashless	غير نقدي	done without using money you can hold
district	حي	an area of a town, city or the countryside
professional qualification	مؤهل مهني	something that shows you have special training to do a job
monorail	خط حديدي أحادي	a railway system that uses a single rail, usually high above the ground
definitely	قطعا - بالتأكيد	certainly, without doubt
controls	جهاز تحكم	things used to operate a vehicle or machine
likely	على الأرجح	probably going to happen or probably true
probably	من المحتمل	almost certain

كيف تجيب على المحادثة

سؤال المحادثة يعتمد على فكرة تكوين السؤال والإجابة عليه:

و هناك نوعان من الأسئلة: -

❶ سؤال يبدأ بأداة إستفهام وهنا الإجابة تكون على أداة الاستفهام ويتكون كالآتى:

فعل أساسى+ فاعل + فعل مساعد + أداة استفهام

أدوات الاستفهام مثل:

Where	أين	How old	كم عمر
Why	لماذا	How big	كم حجم
Who	من للفاعل/المفعول الفاعل	How many times	كم عدد المرات
Which	أى/ أيهما	How far	كم المسافة
When	متى	How fast	كم سرعة
Whom	من(للمفعول العاقل)	How deep	كم عمق
Whose	ملك من/لمن؟	How high	كم إرتفاع
How	كيف / كم	How good	ما مدى إجادة
How many	كم عدد	What	ماذا / ما
How much	كم كمية	What time	ما الوقت
How long	كم طول المدة	What size	ما حجم
How often	كم مرة	What colour	ما لون
How wide	كم إتساع	What kind	ما نوع
How tall	كم طول	What number	ما رقم

والأفعال المساعدة تنقسم إلى : -

❶ Verb to (be) ➔ am/is/are/was/were
❷ Verb to (do) ➔ do/does/did
❸ Verb to (have) ➔ have/has/had
❹ Modal verbs
▶▶ (can/could/will/should/must)

والفاعل من الممكن أن يكون اسم أو ضمير فاعل وضمائر الفاعل هي : -

I – we – you – they – he – she – it

والفعل الأساسى من الممكن أن يكون مصدر أو تصريف ثالث أو V+ ing حسب الفعل المساعد.

❶ Where do you live? ↳ I live in Cairo.
❷ How long will you stay here?
↳ I will stay for 3 weeks.
❸ When did they arrive?
↳ They arrived at 3 o'clock.
❹ What are you doing? ↳ I am reading.

❷ السؤال الذى يبدأ بفعل مساعد وتكون الإجابة عليه بـ Yes or No

↳ Have you visited Aswan? – Yes, I have.
↳ Did you watch TV? – No, I didn't.

❸ يوجد سؤال يُسمى سؤال التخيير ويبدأ بفعل مساعد وبه كلمة (or) ولكن لا تكون الاجابة عليه بــ (yes,/ No,) ولكن نختار كالآتى : -

☯ Do you like football or tennis?
↳ I like football.
☯ Clerk: Do you want it single or return?
Ali: single, please.

لاحظ التحويلات الآتية عند السؤال و الإجابة:

Question	you ⇓	you ⇓	your ⇓
Answer	I / we	me /us	my /our
Question	yours	are you⇓	were you?⇓
Answer	Mine/ours	I'm we are	I was We were

ملاحظات هامة:

-1 اذا لم نجد فعل مساعد بالجملة نتبع الآتى :

اذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع وبه (s) نستخدم does و نعيد الفعل للمصدر.

☯ He plays football ⇨ What does he play?

اذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع بدون (s) نستخدم do

☯ I go to school by bus
⇨ How do you go to school ?

اذا كان فعل الجملة ماضى نستخدم did و نعيد الفعل للمصدر.

☯ They watched the film yesterday.
⇨ When did they watch the film?
☯ He went to the zoo ⇨ Where did he go?

اذا كانت الإجابة بـ no وكانت الجملة مثبتة نسأل عن شئ آخر غير الموجود بالجملة:

☯ No, it is my first visit to Egypt.
⇨ Is it your second visit to Egypt?

بعض الأسئلة يمكن أن نجيب عنها بمعلومة و ليس بـ Yes أو No فقط :

☯ Can I help you?
⇨ Yes, I want .... ⇨ I would like ......
⇨ Can I have.........? ⇨ May I have...?

السؤال المذيل (أليس كذلك) يعتمد على فهم الجملة:

☯ You know him, don't you?

هناك أسئلة مختصرة فى المحادثة تشذ عن القاعدة العامة لتكوين السؤال:

And you?	Where to?	Where from?
What else?	What about you?	Why not?

Examples

1 English is my favourite subject.
What is your favourite subject?
2 I was born on August 1st, 2002.
When were you born?
3 We have nine lessons a day.
How many lessons have you got a day?
4 My mother wakes me up early.
When does your mother wake you up?
5 Yes, he likes flowers very much.
Does he like flowers?
6 Yes, he is a good friend.
Is he a good friend?
7 My first name is Anas.
What's your first name?
8 I like English. What subject do you like?
9 I'm from Zagazig. Where are you from?
10 She works at the hospital.
Where does she work?
11 I've got two cousins.
How many cousins have you got?
12 He usually goes to school by bus.
How does he go to school?
13 My best friends are Omar and Hamza.
Who are your best friends?

Common Expressions in Different Places

يساعدك هذا الجزء على حل سؤال المحادثة

railway station المحطة

- Can I help you?
- Yes, I'd like to book a ticket to........
- Single or Return?
- ...., please.
- First or second class?
- ...., please.
- How much is it?
- ...., pounds, please.
- Have a nice journey!

Doctor's / Clinic العيادة

- What's up/ What's wrong with you?
- What's the matter?
- I have a pain in ...(my ....).........
- I suffer from (flu / sore throat /......)
- Let me examine you.
- How often should I take this medicine?

Restaurant المطعم

- Can I help you, ...?
- Yes, I'd like to have......
- What would you like to have?
- I'd like to have ....
- May I take you order sir?
- Yes, I'd like ....
- Are you ready to order sir?
- Yes, I'd like ....
- How do you like your meal sir?
- Well done/ fried / grilled / boiled.
- What would you like to begin with?
- What about the dessert?
- Ice cream, please.

Hotels الفنادق

- Can I help you?
- Yes, I'd like to book a room.
- Single or double?
- How much is it per night?
- It is (300 pounds) per night.
- How long will you stay?
- I will stay for (three nights)
- Can I have your passport?
- Yes, Here you are.

Shopping التسوق

- May/ Can I help you?
- Yes, I'd like to buy ....
- What colour/ size do you like/want?
- I like .....
- Does it fit you?
- No, can I have another one?
- Do you have the same in (black)?
- Yes, sir. Here you are.
- How much is it?
- It is ...... pounds.
- Can I try it on?

Asking about the way الطريق

- How can I/ we get to ....?
- Excuse me,Where is ....?
- Please, where is the closest .... ?
- Which way should I take to get to ....?
- Is it far?
- No, it isn't very far/ it's near.
- How long will it take to get there?
- It will take you about 10 minutes.

Library المكتبة

- Can I help you?
- I'm looking for a book in .....
- Please, I'd like to join the library.
- Of course you must fill in this form.
- Is there anything I can do to help?
- Yes, I'd like to borrow this book, please.
- Where can I find...?
- It's on that shelf.
- Be quiet. / Don't make a noise.

DIALOGUES

السؤال الأول فى الإمتحان سؤال المحادثة ويحتوى على 5 فراغات بـ 5 درجات لذا يجب عليك أن تقرأ المحادثة كاملة بتركيز ثم تبدأ بالإجابة وتركز فى معنى أدوات الإستفهام.

1 An interviewer is talking to an astronaut about space. الإسكندرية 2024

Interviewer : I'm glad to meet you. How long have you been working as a space astronaut?
Astronaut : Thanks, ❶ ....
Interviewer : ❷ .... ?
Astronaut : Neil Armstrong was the first astronaut to walk on the moon.
Interviewer : Where do astronaut stay when they are in space?
Astronaut : ❸ ....
Interviewer : ❹ .... ?
Astronaut :No, life isn't easy on a Space Station.
Interviewer : Finally, what's your advice for our youth?
Astronaut : ❺ ....

2 Karim is talking to a tourist about his visit to Egypt. المنيا 2024

Karim : Hello. Have you visited Egypt before?
Tourist : Hello,❶ ....
Karim : ❷ .... ?
Tourist : I come from England.
Karim : ❸ .... ?
Tourist : I will stay here for a Week.
Karim : Why do you like to visit Egypt every year?
Tourist : ❹ ....
Karim : I wish you enjoy your visit.
Tourist : ❺ ....

3 Reham's father is ill. Her friend, Manal is talking to her. توجيه الشرقية 2022

Manal Hi, Reham. ❶ .... ?
Reham Hi, Manal. My father is not well, so I'm worried.
Manal I'm sorry. ❷ .... ?
Reham The doctor has said that his liver is in a very bad condition.
Manal What has the doctor advised you to do?
Reham ❸ ....
Manal Where will you do these tests?
Reham ❹ ....
Manal Don't worry. I will pray for your father's speedy recovery.
Reham ❺ ....

4 Essam bought a shirt from a shop and he isn't satisfied with it. توجيه الشرقية 2023

Assistant : Hello, sir. ❶ .... ?
Essam : I bought this shirt from your shop a week ago, and I am not satisfied with it.
Assistant : ❷ .... ?
Essam : When I washed it, it shrank so much, and the colour faded.
Assistant: How often did you wash it?
Essam : ❸ ....
Assistant : So, what do you want then?
Essam : ❹ ....
Assistant : Have you got a bill?
Essam : ❺ ....
Assistant : Therefore, you can't get your money back and the shirt is yours, sir.

5 Huda and Salma are talking about Salma's new mobile. دمياط 2022

Huda Is this mobile new?
Salma ❶ ....
Huda Who bought it for you?
Salma ❷ ....
Huda Your father! ❸ .... ?
Salma Because I passed my final exams
Huda ❹ .... ?
Salma He bought it last week .
Huda What do you use it for?
Salma ❺ ....

6 Adel is talking to Amir who is reading an article about pollution. البحيرة 2022

Adel What are you reading, Amir?
Amir ❶ ....
Adel What is this article about?
Amir ❷ ....
Adel ❸ .... ?
Amir We can stop pollution by planting more trees.
Adel ❹ .... ?
Amir Because trees absorb carbon dioxide and keep the air clean.
Adel ❺ ....
Amir I agree with you. Recycling our rubbish can also solve this problem.

7 A British tourist is speaking with a tour guide. لونجـولن

Guide : Welcome to Egypt. How can I help you, sir?
Tourist : ❶ ....
Guide : ❷ .... ?
Tourist : No, I'd like to visit places of interest in Giza.
Guide : Ok, you can visit the pyramids and the Grand Egyptian Museum.
Tourist : ❸ .... ?
Guide : You can take a taxi or a tourist bus to have a tour guide with you.
Tourist : ❹ ....
Guide : Sure, you will enjoy having a tour with other tourists from different cultures.
Tourist : Thanks a lot.
Guide : You are welcome. I'm sure you will enjoy your tour.

8 **Tarek invites Amin to join a group to protect the environment.** لونجمان

Tarek : Hello, Amin. I want to tell you that we are making a new group.
Amin : Hello, Tarek. ❶ ....?
Tarek : A group to protect the environment.
❷ ....?
Amin : Of course, I will be pleased to share in social activities.
Tarek : That's nice. We have a meeting next Saturday morning. Would you like to come?
Amin : ❸ ....
Tarek : As long as you're busy, let's meet next Saturday evening.
Amin : That's nice. Sure, I will come. What will we discuss in the meeting?
Tarek : ❹ ....
Amin : You are right. Planting more trees will help us reduce pollution.
Tarek : I hope to make our city a clean and healthy place to live on.

9 **Ahmed and Heba are talking about reading.** الجيزة 2022

Ahmed : Hi !Heba, where are you going ?
Heba : ❶ ....
Ahmed : ❷ ....?
Heba : Yes , I like reading .
Ahmed : What kinds of books do you read ?
Heba : ❸ ....
Ahmed : ❹ ....?
Heba : I visit the library twice a week.
Ahmed : Could you recommend me a book ?
Heba : ❺ ....

10 **Two friends are talking about planting trees.** القاهرة 2023

Amr : What shall we do this summer?
Yasser : ❶ ....
Amr : Good, planting trees is a good idea.
Yasser : ❷ ....?
Amr : My brother will help us and we can ask some friends, too.
Yasser : ❸ ....They will be happy to do so.
Amr : Where can we start?
Yasser : ❹ ....
Amr : ❺ ....?
Yasser : We will start after our exams.

Best Wishes GIANTS العمالقة

READ & COMPLETE

السؤال الثانى فى ورقة الإمتحان سؤال أكمل بكلمة من 6 كلمات ويحتوى على 4 فراغات بـ 4 درجات . ثلاث فراغات منها تكون على الكلمات وفراغ واحد على القواعد.

(threads - did – university - do - ugly – colorful) القاهرة 2024

When I was a student at ❶................. I wanted to ❷................ something about plastic rubbish. I found a way of making old bags into long ❸......................... , which I could make into fabric. Then I used fabric to make ❹................ bags, chairs and small carpets .

(plane - calls - for - astronauts - since - spacecraft) دمياط 2023

The international space station is a huge ❶................ 70 km above the Earth. It is a place where❷................ live and work when they go into space. Most astronauts stay on the space station ❸................ about six months. They can send e-mails or make phone ❹................ to the Earth.

(will send - advantages - mobile phone - would send - disadvantages - talk) الفيوم 2023

In my opinion, the most important invention of the last hundred years is the ❶................I can put numbers into my phone and ❷................ to people anywhere. If I do not have much time, I ❸................ a text message. The ❹................ is that the cost of international calls can be expensive.

(photos - can - storms - are - signal – land) الأقصر 2022

Satellites allow us to study the weather all around the world. They send ❶................ of the earth from space. When these are put together, they show how clouds and ❷................ are moving. Lots of people have satellite TV so that they ❸................ watch their favourite shows and sports matches. The ❹................ goes to a receiver on the house.

(lay - turtles - preserving - rainforests - lie – preserved)

Animals live in different habitats. These habitats are well ❶................. Grasslands provide habitats for animals like the caracal. The ❷................ are home to more than half of the world's animals. Sea ❸................ live in the sea. They come to land to ❹................their eggs.

(to pollute - non-renewable - renewable -polluting - plant – healthy) لونجمان

We should keep the environment clean. We should avoid ❶................ the Nile. We should ❷................ more trees. Also, we should use ❸................ energy. Thus, we will be able to live in a ❹................ environment.

tallest - friendly - biggest - friendship-between-wonderful توجيه الشرقية 2022

Egypt is located in the northern part of Africa. Cairo is the capital of Egypt. Cairo is one of the ❶................ cities in Africa. Egypt is very famous for its ❷................ monuments. Egypt is safe to travel to. The best time of the year to visit Egypt is ❸................ September and May. Egyptians are very ❹................ and they are great people to be around.

COMPREHENSION

السؤال الثالث فى ورقة الإمتحان سؤال قطعة الفهم و يحتوى على 6 أسئلة كل سؤال بدرجة وهو من أكبر درجات الإمتحان بعد سؤال البراجراف ولابد من قراءة اسئلة قطعة الفهم جيدا قبل قراءة القطعة لمعرفة المضمون وتكون القطعة بعيدة عن الكتاب المدرسى ولم يتم حلها من قبل.

ينبغي للطالب معرفة المطلوب من السؤال بالتحديد.

- When did you go to the zoo?

المطلوب في هذا السؤال أن تبحث عن الزمن (وقت / يوم / سنة / فترات يوم ...... الخ)

- Where did you go yesterday?

المطلوب في هذا السؤال أن تبحث عن المكان

هناك بعض الاسئلة النقدية التي لا توجد اجابتها في القطعة والتي تعتمد علي فهمك مثل:

1. Do you think ....? Yes / No.. هل تعتقد أن
2. Do you like ....? Yes / No هل تحب أن
3. Do you agree with...............? Yes / No هل تتفق مع
4. Do you prefer.................? Yes / No هل تفضل أن
5. In your opinion , ... من وجهة نظرك
6. What do you think ....? ماذا تعتقد أن
7. Give a suitable title .... أعط عنوانا مناسبا
8. What is the main idea of..... ؟ ماهي الفكرة الرئيسية لـ..
9. The underlined pronoun refers to............... الضمير الذي تحته خط يعود علي
10. The underlined word refers to................ الكلمة التي تحتها خط تعود علي
11. Explain (why / how) .... اشرح (لماذا / كيف
12. Give (= Mention) two reasons .... أعط (= اذكر) سببين .....
13. The passage is about .... تدور القطعة حول

Infer (= Conclude / Deduce) Why /How
استنتج لماذا / كيف

Read the following text, then answer the questions:

What do people need to light their homes and drive cars? Energy! It gives power to many things we need and use. Most of the energy comes from coal, oil, and gas. They are called fossil fuels. Those fuels come from fossils under the ground. Fossils are the remains of plants and animals that lived long ago. Burning fossil fuel pollutes the air. The air becomes dirty. That can be harmful to people, animals, and plants. Now more people are using clean energy. The sun gives Earth heat and light. Some homes have solar panels on the roof. The panels collect sunlight and turn it into electricity. That kind of energy lets people do many things. For example, we use electricity to light our homes and watch television. Solar power can also be used to warm up the water in our homes. People can turn wind energy into electricity. Wind turbines are machines that spin when the wind blows. They make electricity. So what can we do to prevent or reduce light pollution? In our homes and work places, we should turn off lights that we do not need and make sure that our lights are only as powerful as they need to be.

1. Coal, oil, and gas are kinds of ....

ⓐ Wastes ⓑ clean energy ⓒ fossil fuels ⓓ dirt

2. The device that is used to collect sunlight and turn it into electricity is called ....

ⓐ Solar panels ⓑ Solar power
ⓒ turbines ⓓ light bulbs

3. What is the main idea of the passage?

....

4. What does the writer mean by fossils?

....

5. Why are fossil fuels harmful?

....

6. Do you think we can use Solar Power in Egypt?

....

نموذج استرشادي دقهلية 2024

A poor traveller stopped under a tree to eat. He opened his bag and enjoyed eating the rice he had brought with him. A few metres away, there was a small fish shop. In the shop, a woman was cooking fish and selling it to those who could pay. The woman was watching the poor man carefully and when he finished his food and started to leave, she shouted, "You haven't paid me for the fish". "But I haven't had any fish," he said. "The sweet smell of my fish made your food more enjoyable." the woman said. They went to the police station. A gentle policeman listened carefully to their problem. The policeman asked the poor traveller to hold ten pounds in his hand. Then, he asked the woman to only touch the money. The policeman told her that the price of smelling a fish dish is only the touch of the money.

1. The poor traveller was travelling ....

ⓐ alone ⓑ with a woman
ⓒ with two people ⓓ with a man

2. The policeman made the traveller pay ....

ⓐ ten pounds ⓑ five pounds
ⓒ twenty pounds ⓓ nothing

3. What is the best title for the passage?

....

4. Why do you think the man enjoyed his meal?

....

5. Why do you think the traveller didn't eat at the fish shop?

....

6. What did the traveller eat?

....

CHOOSE

السؤال الرابع فى ورقة الإمتحان سؤال الاختياري وهو عبارة عن 6 اسئلة بثلاث درجات كل سؤال نصف درجة ولا بد من معرفة معانى الكلمات الآتية لأن الاسئلة ستشمل تلك الكلمات.

الجمل التالية تم تجميعها من محافظات سابقة و تدريبات لونجمان وتوجيه بورسعيد وتوجيه الشرقية وعدة مصادر

antonym	مضاد	synonym	معنى
prefix	سابقة	suffix	لاحقة
definition	تعريف	guess the meaning	خمن

1) The natural home of a plant or an animal is called a ....
a habit b habitat c project d predict

2) A .... habitat is found next to the sea.
a polar b forest c coastal d desert

3) .... means the cutting or burning down of all the trees in an area.
a Cycling b Deforestation
c Civilization d Flood

4) Our house is .... by trees. It is difficult to see from the road.
a planted b grown c surrounded d moved

5) I think that the internet is a .... of modern technology.
a wander b average c invention d wonder

6) We should protect our environment. The word "protect" means ....
a damage b save c bored d destroy

7) This is an exciting match. The word "exciting" can be replaced by ....
a boring b ugly c interesting d bored

8) The antonym of "terrible" is ....
a bad b amazing c difficult d far

9) The word ".............. " is the synonym of the word "cruel".
a unkind b kind c happy d excited

10) The synonym of the word" broken" is ....
a damaged b incorrect c correct d amazing

11) The word "build" is the antonym of ....
a create b make c fix d destroy

12) The antonym of the word "pretty" is ....
a beautiful b ugly c boring d amazing

13) Good for the environment or continuous means ....
a nonrenewable b ended
c harmful d sustainable

14) When something isn't modern; it's ....
a ancient b advanced c clear d new

15) To give the antonym of the word "natural", we add the prefix ....
a un- b dis- c ir- d il-

16) The noun "wind" can be an adjective by adding ....
a –ing b –al c – y d - ful

17) To make the noun form of the verb "farm" we add the suffix ....
a -able b -ing c -al b -ous

18) The prefix ".............. " gives the antonym of the word "possible".
a un- b ir- c in- d im-

19) We add the suffix ".............." to form the noun from "govern".
a –ist b –al c –ly d -or

20) We add the prefix .... to mean to do something again.
a re- b in- c de- d non-

21) The town was destroyed in a fire.' Destroyed' can be replaced by ....
a repaired b mended c fixed d damaged

22) East or west, home is best. The noun 'west' can be an adjective by adding ....
a -ly b -ern c -cal d -ous

23) Living without an aim is like sailing without a compass. 'Aim' here is a / an ....
a verb b adverb c adjective d noun

24) My grandfather is still active at eighty. To get the antonym from 'active', we add the prefix ....
a un- b in- c en- d im-

25) Never bite the hand that feeds you. The word 'bite' here is a / an ....
a verb b adverb c adjective d noun

26) With my cat is around, the mice are in danger. To get the verb from danger, we add the prefix ..... .
a un- b in- c en- d im-

27) It is dangerous to drive in a thick fog. The word " drive " is a / an ....
a noun b verb c adjective d adverb

28) .... is the place or environment where a plant or animal naturally lives and grows.
a Habit b Harvest c Inhibit d Habitat

29) A / An .... is an area in a desert where there is water and plants.
a oases b basis c oasis d crisis

30) .... is a liquid used in pens or printers for writing or drawing.
a Link b Ink c Drink d Think

31) .... occurs when an area doesn't get enough rainfall for a long time.
a Vegetation b Plantation
c Desertification d Preparation

32) .... is important to help protect our environment.
a Cycling b Deforestation
c Carbon dioxide d Recycling
33) The word 'confused' is similar in meaning to ....
a proper b suitable c active d puzzled
34) You will endanger your health if you smoke. The word 'endanger' here is a /an ....
a verb b noun c adjective d adverb
35) I had a really lovely time in Alexandria. The word 'lovely' here is a/an ....
a adverb b noun c adjective d verb
36) I cannot remember his name. The opposite of 'remember' is ....
a forget b forgive c foretell d forward
37) The curtains are made of expensive fabric. The word 'fabric' is close in meaning to ......
a metal b medal c moral d material
38) To form the antonym of the word 'important', we add the prefix ....
a im- b dis- c in- d un-
39) We preserve food in the fridge. This means we .... it well.
a discover b sell c keep d serve
40) The coach was cross after the match. This means he was ....
a glad b angry c pleased d delighted
41) We use modern ways of farming. The antonym of "modern" is ....
a traditional b expensive c new d far
42) To form the adjective from "coast", we add ....
a –al b –ly c –ed d –ing
43) .... is a person who works for the media.
a A dentist b An astronaut
c An artist d A broadcaster
44) A telescope is .... used to make distant objects appear nearer.
a an engine b an instrument
c a panel d an application
45) We should protect our planet .Protect is similar in meaning to ....
a damage b keep safe c increase d discover
46) In the past we used old of farming. The antonym of old is ....
a Expensive b modern c traditional d far
47) We can get the adjective from "use" by adding the suffix ....
a -ive b –ly c -able d - fill
48) Rewrite your homework. The prefix "re" means to do it ....
a first b last c next d again

49) Many people use social media to communicate. They can .... to each other.
a talk b walk c play d sleep
50) Bears live in Polar habitats, "habitat" is similar in meaning to ....
a lifestyle b skill c appearance d home
51) The pharaohs preserved their dead bodies well. This means they .... them well.
a discovered b sold c kept d served
52) Today, we use modern ways of farming. The opposite of "modern" is ....
a traditional b expensive c new d far
53) A telescope is a / an .... used to make distant objects appear nearer.
a engine b instrument c panel d application
54) To form the adjective from "coast", we add .... .
a al b ly c ing d ed
55) A/An............... is a person who specialises in languages.
a presenter b broadcaster c linguist d reader
56) When you say the word " street" this means a .... to walk in.
a road b sea c house d sky
57) The word ..... gives us the opposite of small.
a tiny b enormous c little d clear
58) We add the suffix .... to the verb "collect" to make the noun.
a er b en c ir d im
59) You can't make phone calls because there is no telephone ....
a wireless b orders c GPS d signal
60) The prefix is added to the verb "use" to mean use again.
a dis b re c un d in
61) We can't continue to use petrol for cars because it is not ....
a surrounded b simple
c sustainable d rechargeable
62) Satellites allow us to study the weather all around the world. The word "allow " is the same meaning as the word ....
a let b make c stop d prevent
63) My father is kind. The antonym of kind is ....
a had b easy c cruel d amazing
64) We use the prefix "............... " to get the adjective of "environment" .
a -ity b -al c able d - y
65) You can add the prefix ' .... ' to verbs to mean do again.
a im- b ir- c un- d re-
66) Khalid is going to do a/an .... to get some Professional qualifications. One day, he would like to do his own business.
a professional b internship
c volunteer d online

67) Is this medicine useful for my child? - No, it's .... for him; it is for adults only.
a expensive b common c harmful d bored
68) A/An .... is a tower that gives light to warn or guide ships at sea.
a port b lighthouse c airport d ship
69) The Taj Mahal is a white marble .... in India.
a tomb b mountain c church d mosque
70) A/An .... is a part of a surface that is lower than the other parts.
a depression b impression
c mountain d well
71) Ayman: Do you know what the largest .... is? Rami: I think it's Jupiter.
a universe b star c planet d plant
72) The weather has been horrible all week.'Horrible' has the same meaning as ....
a terrific b awful c long d bored
73) You must slow down your car in crowded areas.'Slow down' is an antonym for ....
a make up b find out c speed up d come out
74) Fadi has wonderful career skills. However, he didn't win the job.'However' here can be replaced with ....
a So b But c Because d Although
75) .... comes from fossil fuels.
a Renewable energy b Oil
c Electricity d Water
76) A/An .... is someone who does a job willingly and for free.
a professional b volunteer
c employee d manager
77) Trees absorb carbon dioxide and give out oxygen. "Absorb" here means "............... "
a take in b give out c give up d send out
78) Global warming is a serious problem. "Global" here means ....
a local b worldwide c heavy d foreign
79) We use rechargeable electric lamps When the power goes out. 'Rechargeable' means that we can charge them ....
a again and again b once
c first d at the beginning
80) We are going to renew our house.The prefix "-re" means............... .
a not b last c again d first
81) A .... is a young plant.
a trunk b root c tree d seedling
82) A/An .... is a machine that keeps a room's temperature normal.
a fan b oven c air conditioner d fridge

83) .... are used to absorb the sun's rays and change them into electricity or heat.
a Solar panels b Solar powers
c Wind turbines d Polar bears
84) An energy-saving light bulb is a lamp that uses less ....
a air b water c oil d electricity
85) Keeping the environment clean is a very significant issue. 'Significant' here is the opposite of the meaning of '............... '.
a unimportant b strong
c modern d simple
86) What do you think of the new plan? 'What do you think of?' is similar in meaning to '............... '.
a What do you like about ...?
b What's your opinion about...?
c Why do you prefer ...? d Why don't you like ...?
87) Australia is the smallest ...., while Asia is the largest one.
a capital b town c continent d country
88) A/An .... is a person who helps someone else do a job.
a enemy b baby c attacker d assistant
89) A/An .... is a person who carries out academic or scientific research.
a runner b researcher c charger d criminal
90) He is a fellow toiler. 'A toiler' is a .... or a person who does very hard or dull work.
a labourer b visitor c user d trader
91) A/An .... is an expert in or student of astronomy.
a astronomer b engineer c pilot d astronaut
92) Don't worry, the old man is still...............; he didn't lose his life.
a dead b alive c dying d trying
93) My brother usually likes to buy the latest model of camera. 'Latest' here can be replaced with '...............'.
a oldest b least expensive
c most expensive d newest
94) I searched for the lost watch in vain. 'In vain' means '...............'.
a hopefully b carelessly
c without success d without failure
95) My friend works for a famous daily newspaper. He tries to .... true news everywhere
a look at b look for c worry about d consist of
96) The secretary got to the company on time. This means she didn't .... the company late.
a arrived in b arrive at c go d come
97) A/An .... is a building specially equipped to show images of the stars in the sky and other objects in space.
a TV b library c planetarium d airport

98) Galileo didn't invent the telescope, but he improved it. This means he ....
ⓐ made it worse ⓑ replaced it completely
ⓒ discovered how it worked ⓓ made it better
99) The child was cross because his father didn't buy him a new toy. 'Cross' here is similar in meaning to '..............'.
ⓐ ready ⓑ angry ⓒ quiet ⓓ easy
100) A/An .... decides on the final content of a newspaper, magazine, etc.
ⓐ editor ⓑ news presenter
ⓒ newsreader ⓓ newspaper seller
101) Are people in Sinai still wearing their traditional clothes. 'Traditional' in this sentence is a/an ....
ⓐ verb ⓑ noun ⓒ adjective ⓓ adverb
102) A/An............. is someone who sees a crime or an accident and can describe what has happened.
ⓐ witness ⓑ judge ⓒ operator ⓓ criminal
103) Hatim is intelligent. He could design a lot of programmes. In this sentence, '..............' is a synonym for 'design'.
ⓐ take ⓑ do ⓒ create ⓓ grow
104) A/An .... is a person whose job it is to understand, describe, and analyse a language.
ⓐ engineer ⓑ linguist ⓒ foreigner ⓓ discoverer
105) I saw wonderful places during my tour in Cairo. To change 'tour' into a noun that expresses a source of national income, we add the suffix '..............'.
ⓐ -ism ⓑ -ity ⓒ -er ⓓ -less
106) My brother passed the final exams and .... from the faculty of arts.
ⓐ graduated ⓑ taught ⓒ left ⓓ stopped
107) To .... is to take something that belongs to someone else.
ⓐ sell ⓑ buy ⓒ steal ⓓ borrow
108) I was .... in the traffic jam; I wasn't able to move. I was angry to be late for work.
ⓐ moving ⓑ diving ⓒ happy ⓓ stuck
109) Egyptian radio .... started in 1934. It was the first in Africa and the whole Arab world.
ⓐ news reading ⓑ photography
ⓒ broadcasting ⓓ writing
110) A warning is something that tells you about something .... that might happen.
ⓐ dangerous ⓑ happy ⓒ new ⓓ safe
111) Do you agree that the news on social media .... people?
ⓐ agrees ⓑ thinks ⓒ affects ⓓ selects
112) My ambition is to be a pilot. This is my greatest .... in life.
ⓐ sale ⓑ sail ⓒ game ⓓ goal

COMPLETE

السؤال الخامس فى ورقة الإمتحان سؤال أكمل باستخدام الصيغة الصحيحة للكلمة التى بين الأقواس ويختص بالقواعد فقط وهو عبارة عن 5 اسئلة بـ 5 درجات .

1) Squash....... (**doesn't play**) by many students.
2) You should avoid .... (**to sit**) on that wall. It's dangerous.
3) If I .... (**be**) in trouble , would you help me ?
4) Have you ever.................... (**using**) a telescope ?
5) How big .... (**Cairo be**) in 2050 ?
6) Ramy said that he .... (**want**) to go to the park.
7) If the train is late, I .... (**phone**) you.
8) That lake .... (**form**) hundreds of years ago by a volcano.
9) They didn't go to the club until they .... (**finish**) their work.
10) Emad .... (**not use**) to play football when he was young.
11) A list of the new seven wonders .... (**is**) made in 2007.
12) If you ate more sweets, you .. (**have**) bad teeth.
13) I .... (**use**) to walk to school when I was a child.
14) Ali said that .... (**these**) books had been very interesting.
15) It's raining, we .... (**be**) able to go out today.
16) When I was ill last month, I .... (**take**) to the hospital. But now I am ill.
17) You should avoid .... (**sit**) on the wall because it is dangerous .
18) My father .... (**use**) to live on a farm.
19) If I had more time, I .... (**read**) more books .
20) I didn't go to the theatre until I ....
(**finish**) my work.
21) Many fridges .... (**make**) in Egypt every year.
22) What do I need .... (**buying**) from the shops, Mum ?
23) If I .... (**have**) more time, I would read more books.
24) Hoda did very well in the test because the .... (**revise**) carefully.
25) The owner explained that there .... (**will**) be over 100 new jobs next year.
26) Asmaa .... (**told**) Manar, "I will go to Cairo tomorrow."
27) He used to waste water, but now he .... (**not**).
28) The Taj Mahal......... (**build**) by Shah Jahan.
29) We must avoid .... (**pollute**) the world.
30) I didn't go out until I .... (**finish**) my homework.
31) English .... (**teach**) at our school.
32) He used to be alone, but now he .... (**won't**).

33) If we .... (**have**) more time , we would visit the museum.
34) Before Omar went out, he .... (**studied**) his lessons.
35) That old building used to.................. (**is**) a theatre.
36) The pyramids .... **build**) thousands of years ago.
37) Shereen said that she .... (**didn't watch**) the film the day before.
38) Eyad .... (**buys**) the car, if he doesn't have enough money.
39) Nada watched the film as soon as she .... (**does**) her homework.
40) We plan.................. (**spend**) the weekend in our village.
41) If I .... (**be**) introuble, would you help me?
42) Many new cars.................. (**make**) by robots in factories.
43) I didn't send the report until I.................. **revise**) it.
44) Maha said that it ....(**will**) be cold on Monday.
45) A list of the new seven wonders .... (**make**) in 2007.
46) If we keep .... (**burn**) fossil fuels , climate change will continue.
47) We could get to the coast quicker if they .... (**have**) better roads.
48) Ramy .... (**tidy**) his room before he started studying
49) When I'm older, I 'm .... (**gone**) to help the disabled at weekends.
50) I went to the club after I .... (**finish**) my work.
51) My house....... (**is**) built in around 2000.
52) If it is hot tomorrow , we .... (**would**) go to the beach.
53) In the past, people .... (**use**) to get paper bags at supermarkets.
54) Heba told me that her plane ..... (**leaves**) to London that day.
55) Sally .... (**told**) Samira, "I will go to Cairo tomorrow."
56) She came late, so she .... (**punish**).
57) I didn’t go out with my friends until I .... (**finish**) my homework.
58) He used to waste water, but now he .... (**not**).
59) What have you been .... (**do**) at school this week?
60) Many new cars are .... (**make**) by robots in factories.
61) Do you enjoy .... (**play**) the piano?
62) Ali .... (**will**) pass the test if he studied harder.
63) I didn't send the report until I .... (**revised**) it.
64) Samir .... (**said**) me that he would travel to London the following week.
65) Our teacher makes us .... (**to repeat**) the exercise if he finds mistakes.
66) Don’t worry; the car .... (**repaired**) well yesterday.
67) The jewellery we have .... (**are**) very valuable.
68) My sister enjoys .... (**read**) short stories.
69) I plan .... (**to spending**) the weekend in my village.
70) The earthquake.................. (**was caused**) the disappearance of old houses in Syria.
71) Who........... (**did**) this nice photograph taken by?
72) What .... (**weighs**) is this bag?
73) Borneo is an island where many different plants.................. (**find**).
74) Taher .... (**is used to reading**) short stories; it was his favourite hobby.
75) Would you help me if I .... (**be**) in trouble?
76) If Hatim .... (**not be**) busy, he would go out with his friends.
77) Who.................. (**were**) you use to play with when you were in primary school?
78) I suggest.................. (**plant**) more trees along the road to our town.
79) I have.................. (**been knowing**) my friend Magdi for years.
80) Have you.................. (**never**) used a telescope?
81) Before I .... (**had returned**) home, I usually buy everything we need.
82) Dalia .... (**has washed**) the dishes for a long time now; she hasn’t finished yet.
83) Kamal.................. (**doesn’t**) go to Alexandria until he had rented a flat there.
84) Samir .... (**has lived**) in Giza for five years. Now, he lives in Tanta.
85) Amir .... (**tell**) me that he would return to his village the following week.
86) My sister told me that she.................. (**makes**) lunch then.
87) My friend said that he .... (**have**) to go the hospital to visit his uncle.
88) I told .... (**she**) that I had already passed the final exams.
89) I was .... (**telling**) that the meeting would be on Saturday.
90) I said to Manal, “I .... (**had**) just finished my work.”
91) Nada told me that she .... (**will**) be ready for the journey.
92) When my father was young, he usually .... (**walks**) to school.

93) I prefer .... (**read**) than watching TV.
94) Perhaps she .... (**visit**) us next week?
95) I hope my brother .... (**will**) buy that T-shirt; it's old-fashioned.
96) Dalia hopes she will be able .... (**of passing**) the final exam.
97) I .... (**will go**) Alexandria next month; this is my plan.
98) It's probable that Amani .... (**may**) be the new secretary.
99) After I go to the club, I .... (**met**) my friends.
100) I hope .... (**will buy**) this wonderful camera.
101) My goal .... (**will**) to become an engineer.
102) I hope my room.................... (**will decorate**) before my birthday party.
103) Our beaches are .... (**visiting**) by thousands of tourists each year.
104) I .... (**advise**) to be seen by a doctor last week.
105) His plan .... (**laugh**) at by everyone who heard it .
106) If families .... (**collecting**) their paper, plastic and metal, we will pay them for it.
107) Samir, ... (**do**) you do the washing up if I cook dinner?
108) My dad allowed me .... (**go**) to the cinema.
109) I just can't imagine Sally .... (**go**) to the cinema alone.
110) I've started drinking tea recently. I .... (**not**) used to like it before.
111) How would life be if there ... (**are**) no trees?
112) Fatma .... (**has**) never heard Italian before she went to Rome.
113) A list of seven wonders .... (**be**) written in 2007.
114) We need .... (**growing**) more trees.
115) If she .... (**have**) time, she would help me.
116) He .... (**told**) that he had won a prize.
117) What did you .... (**used**) to eat for lunch?
118) Hundreds of fossils of ancient whales .... (**find**) in 1902.
119) That bird keeps .... (**make**) a loud noise.
120) Would you help your friends if they .... (**be**) in trouble.
121) I .... (**not send**) the report until I had revised it.
122) The owner told us that the park .... (**have**) taken over three years to build.

PARAGRAPH

السؤال السادس فى ورقة الإمتحان سؤال البراجراف ويطلب منك كتابة قصة قصيرة أو سيرة ذاتية أو مقالة نقدية وهو أكبر سؤال من حيث الدرجات (7 درجات) .

A biography سيرة ذاتية

لكتابة سيرة ذاتية لابد من اتباع الخطوات الآتية:

1 حدد الشخصية - مكان الميلاد - تاريخ الميلاد

- My friend Aya was born in Aswan in 1995.
- She has a big family.
- She loves her family a lot.

2 اذكر نبذة عن الماضي (هوايات - رياضات - مواد مفضلة) ...

- She loves writing stories and poems.
- When she was six, she won a prize for a poem she wrote!

3 بداية مشوار النجاح (بداية الانجازات)

- She really likes to be creative.
- She sometimes feels very nervous but she is amazing!
- She has already written a book of stories.

4 أهم الانجازات الحالية

- She has played the guitar for three years now.
- Aya would like to volunteer to teach and help children one day.
- Her other dream is to elderly people.

5 رأيك الشخصي

- I think Aya is a very good and kind person so I love her so much.

A short story قصة قصيرة

لكتابة قصة قصيرة لابد من اتباع الخطوات الآتية

1 ما هي قصتك - من البطل ، ماذا ، لماذا ، أين ومتى؟

One day, I invited some of my friends to have a light meal and some drinks.

2 حدد محور قصتك واجعل كل جملة تركز على احداث هامة واساسية دون الدخول في أحداث فرعية لا تخدم القصة.

They agreed to my idea as all of us were hungry. We went into the nearest café. We had some sandwiches and cool drinks.

3 كيف يمكن أن تبدو الشخصيات ، وتشعر، وتتغير مع تغير الاحداث؟

- ابدأ بما هو غير عادي ، غير متوقع ، بشئ غامض أو صراع.

Then came the time of payment. To my surprise, I found no money in my pockets.

4 نقطة التحول في حياة الشخصية الأساسية

I had changed my trousers and forgot to take the money. My face turned red. I didn't know what to do. I asked my friends if they had any money، but the money they had was not enough to pay the bill. The waiter became angry, and wanted to take us to the police.

5 نهاية القصة ووضع حلول و معرفة المغزى من القصة

To our good luck, my cousin came in to have a cup of coffee. I told him about our bad situation. He smiled and paid the waiter who thought that we were thieves. I've learned that I should never go outside without making sure I have enough money in my pocket.

A review
مقال نقدى

لكتابة مراجعة (مقالة) نقدية لابد من اتباع الخطوات الآتية

1 حدد الشيء الذي تريد مراجعته مع ذكر سبب الشراء او المشاهدة الخ....

¤ Last week, I watched (saw - ordered -bought ......etc.)
¤ Last week, I ordered a coffee machine.
I bought this machine as a present for my parents.

2 اذكر رأيك الشخصي (شعورك تجاهه) أو اراء من استخدمه

¤ They are very happy with it.

3 مميزات أو عيوب (الفيلم - السلعة - القصة) بصفة عامة بداية من الشكل حتى الاداء

¤ It looks so great in their kitchen and it is easy to use. It also makes a really delicious cup of coffee.

4 مميزات أو عيوب البيئة المحيطة بالسلعة أو الفيلم أو القصة مثل (خدمة التوصيل - وقت العرض - وجود الكثير من الاعلانات - التكلفة العامة للسلعة.......)

¤ I didn't wait weeks for delivery! The delivery was quick!
¤ There is only one problem with it: my parents think it is noisy!

5 رأيك (تقييمك) الشخصي والنهائي بإيجاز

¤ In my opinion, I think that it is an amazing machine and the price is really good.

جميع بإجراءات إمتحانات العام الماضى

1. Life in the future

Life in the future will be amazing and wonderful. We'll have electric cars that are powered by renewable energy and robots that can help us with our jobs at home and work. There might even be robot teachers in schools! We'll be able to travel to space and explore the planets and stars. I think a lot of people will work from home to save time. These enormous changes will help us in our daily lives and give us opportunities we never thought possible. We'll be able to help each other more, and create a brighter future for everyone. I think life in the future will be comfortable for everyone.

2. A biography of a person in the media / a person you like most

Safia el Mohandes was a famous woman who made history. She was born in Cairo in 1922 and her father was a famous linguist. He encouraged Safia to read Arabic books and novels. She studied English literature at the university and graduated from the Faculty of Arts in 1945. Safia became the first female radio presenter and presented programmes for women and children. Her most famous programme, 'Housewives', presented news, educational advice and drama for the whole Egyptian family. She helped everyone and was called 'the mother of all broadcasters'. Safia retired in 1982 after leading the radio broadcasting for many years.

3. A review about schools in the future

A lot of schools in the future will be fantastic and have a lot of fun! There will be new technologies and many creative teaching methods. A lot of students will use tablets, phones and laptops in the classroom. Teachers will use robots and smart computers to help students learn better. Students will be able to learn, study, take some tests at their home and have access to many resources online. The future of education is very exciting, and it will help students prepare for a bright future.

4. A review about a day you spent on the beach

Last week, it was very hot so I decided to go to Alex. I had a great day at the beach! The sun was shining, and the water was clear and blue. I built a sandcastle and played in the waves. I collected seashells and watched the birds fly. I ate my lunch and drank some cold drinks. I read my favourite book and listened to some music. I even took a nap on the beach. The beach was so peaceful and relaxing. I had so much fun and can't wait to go back again!

5. A review about modern technology

Modern technology is amazing! We use it every day to make our lives easier and more enjoyable. We have smartphones and tablets that help us stay connected with our friends and family, and we can access the internet from anywhere. We have computers that help us work and learn, and we can use them to create amazing things. We have smart home devices

that make our homes more comfortable. We even have robots that can help us and make our lives easier. The future of technology is exciting, and it will continue to change the way we live and work.

6. recycling at school or in your house

We can recycle a lot of things at school or in our house to help protect the environment. We can recycle paper, plastic bottles, glass bottles, and cans. We can also recycle old electronics like phones, computers, and batteries. Recycling these things helps save energy and natural resources. It also reduces the amount of waste that ends up in landfills. Recycling is easy, and everyone can do it. We just need to put the items which you want to recycle in the right recycling bin. Let's all do our part to help the planet by recycling!

7. Your goals and ambitions for future / A job you would like to do

In the future, my goal is to become a software engineer. I have always been interested in programming and technology, and I want to use my skills to create good solutions to a lot of problems problems. I plan to study computer science when I go to university. Through internships and personal projects, I will succeed in achieving my dream. I hope to work for a good company after finishing my study. I believe that with hard work, I can achieve my ambitions and make our world a better place.

8. A short story about a holiday / a trip you had

Last summer, my family and I went to the beach for a week-long holiday. We stayed in a hotel near the beach. During the day, we spent most of our time on the beach building sandcastles, swimming in the sea, and playing beach volleyball. In the evenings, we enjoyed barbecues and board games. One day, we went on a boat tour and saw some dolphins swimming, which was an amazing experience. Overall, it was a fun and relaxing holiday, and we made many memories that we will remember forever.

9. A review about a day you spent in a place you will never forget

I spent a day in the city of Tanta and it was a day I will never forget. The city is known for its rich history and culture. I started my day by visiting Tanta Museum, which was an amazing place to visit. I saw some of the Egypt's most famous art pieces. After that, I bought some sweets. I tried a variety of sweets, including basbousa and konafa, and they were all absolutely amazing. The people were incredibly friendly and welcoming. I also visited the beautiful Al-Salam Mosque and learned about the city's rich history and culture. In the evening, I enjoyed drinking coffee at a comfortable café and watching the sunset over the city. It was an amazing experience.

10. A short story about a bad accident happened on the road to your school

One morning, as I was walking to school, I heard a loud crash. When I looked over, I saw a car had crashed into a tree. I immediately ran towards the car, and I could see the driver was injured. I called an ambulance and tried to help the driver as much as I could. Soon enough, the ambulance arrived, and the driver was taken to the hospital. I was so sad and couldn't understand in class that day. From then on, I became more aware of road safety and always made sure to be careful when walking to school.

11. A review about a natural wonder in Egypt

Egypt is home to many natural wonders, but the White Desert is one of the most beautiful wonders. The White Desert is located in the Western Desert of Egypt and is known for its amazing rocks that have been shaped by the wind and sand over time. The white rocks create a strange landscape that is unlike anything else in Egypt. Walking through the White Desert feels like walking on another planet. The experience is very amazing and unforgettable. If you are planning to visit a good place for fun, the White Desert will make you happy.

12. A short story about your visit to the countryside

I recently visited the countryside with my family last summer. We all enjoyed our time there. It was so much fun to run around in the fields and breathe in the fresh air. But our joy was interrupted when we saw a sad an injured cow lying on the ground. It couldn't get up. It seemed to have fallen and hurt itself. We immediately called the vet to come and take care of it. The vet arrived and treated the cow, and we all worked together to help it get better. We fed it slowly and walked with it until it was strong enough to walk without help. We were very happy to help the poor cow.

3

إعدادي



IN ENGLISH

Exam Night

ليلة الإمتحان

الإمتحان في جيبك

